# **GigaDevice Semiconductor Inc.**

# **Device limitations of GD32L233**

# **Errata Sheet**

Revision 1.4

(Feb. 2025)



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## 1. Introduction

This document applies to GD32L233 product series, as shown in <u>Table 1-1. Applicable</u> <u>products</u>. It provides the technical details that need to be paid attention to in the process of using GD32 MCU, as well as solutions to related problems.

#### Table 1-1. Applicable products

Туре	Part Numbers
MCU	GD32L233xx series

#### 1.1. Revision identification

The device revision can be determined by the mark on the top of the package. The 1st code on the line 3 of the mark represents product revision code. As the picture shown in <u>Figure</u> <u>1-1. Device revision code of GD32L233</u>.

Figure 1-1	. Device	revision	code of	GD32L233
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## 1.2. Summary of device limitations

The device limitations of GD32L233 are shown in <u>*Table 1-2. Device limitations*</u>, please refer to section 2 for more details.

	Limitations		Workaround			
Module			Rev.	Rev.	Rev.	
		Code B	Code C	Code D	Code E	
PMU	FWDGTRSTF flag cannot be set in Deep-sleep mode	Y	Y	Y	Y	
RCU	The LXTALSTB bit cannot be cleared by disabling LXTAL when LXTAL stops unexpectedly	Y	Y	Y	Y	
I2C	When SDA line interference causes garbled data on the I2C bus, it can lead to a stuck in the I2C slave device	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	

#### Table 1-2. Device limitations



## Device limitations of GD32L233

		Workaround				
Module	Limitations	Rev.	Rev.	Rev.	Rev.	
		Code B	Code C	Code D	Code E	
SLCD	Do not support the use of internal voltage	v	V			
JLCD	source	ſ	ř			

Note:

Y = Limitation present, workaround available

N = Limitation present, no workaround available

'--' = Limitation fixed



## 2. Descriptions of device limitations

#### 2.1. PMU

#### 2.1.1. FWDGTRSTF flag cannot be set in Deep-sleep mode

#### **Description & impact**

FWDGTRSTF bit cannot be set by hardware when mcu is in Deep-sleep / Deep-sleep 1 / Deep-sleep 2 mode and FWDGT reset is occurred.

#### Workarounds

The application programme can determine whether a FWDGT reset has occurred. For example, by marking whether the system has experienced a reset, and then excluding the cause of the reset, it can be determined if it was due to a FWDGT reset.

#### 2.2. RCU

#### 2.2.1. The LXTALSTB bit cannot be cleared by disabling LXTAL when LXTAL

#### stops unexpectedly

#### **Description & impact**

When LXTAL stops unexpectedly, the LXTALSTB bit cannot be cleared by disabling the LXTAL, which prevents the LXTAL from restarting.

#### Workarounds

Use one of the following solutions:

By repeatedly setting and resetting the LXTALBPS more than ten times to clear the LXTALSTB bit, and then reconfiguring the LXTAL. The reference code for clearing LXTALSTB bits is as follows:

```
void lxtal_stb_clear(void)
{
    volatile uint32_t i = 0U;
    /* close LXTAL clock */
    rcu_osci_off(RCU_LXTAL);
    for(i = 0; i < 10; i++) {
        /* enable the LXTAL bypass mode */
        rcu_osci_bypass_mode_enable(RCU_LXTAL);
        /* disable the LXTAL bypass mode */</pre>
```



rcu\_osci\_bypass\_mode\_disable(RCU\_LXTAL);

### 2.3. I2C

#### 2.3.1. When SDA line interference causes garbled data on the I2C bus, it can

#### lead to a stuck in the I2C slave device

#### **Description & impact**

}

}

When I2C operates as a slave and is configured in 7-bit addressing mode, if the I2C slave device matches 10-bit address header during the I2C slave addressing phase and interference on the SCL / SDA line that causes the next RESTART signal to be sent early (the 9th SCL clock for sending the ACK was not sent), and then the slave matches the 7-bit address, which can result in the I2C slave pulling the SDA line low, ultimately leading to the I2C slave stuck.

When I2C operates as a slave and is configured in 10-bit addressing mode, and if there is a mismatch in the 10-bit address header or the lower 8 bits of the 10-bit address during the I2C slave addressing phase, interference on the SCL / SDA line that causes the next RESTART/STOP signal to be sent early can result in the I2C slave pulling the SDA line low, ultimately leading to the I2C slave stuck.

#### Workarounds

Not available.

#### 2.4. SLCD

#### 2.4.1. Do not support the use of internal voltage source

#### **Description & impact**

SLCD only supports the use of external voltage source but internal voltage source.

#### Workarounds

Use the external voltage source.



## 3. Revision history

#### Table 3-1. Revision history

Revision No.	Description	Date
1.0	Initial Release	Nov.11 2022
1.1	Add limitations of Rev. Code D	Mar.28 2023
1.2	Update note of chapter 1.2	Apr.4 2023
	1. Update the description of PMU limitation,	
	refer to FWDGTRSTF flag cannot be set in	
	Deep-sleep mode	
	2. Add the RCU limitation, refer to <u>The</u>	
	LXTALSTB bit cannot be cleared by	
1.3	disabling LXTAL when LXTAL stops	Sep.23 2024
1.5	<u>unexpectedly</u>	3ep.23 2024
	3. Add the I2C limitation, refer to When SDA	
	line interference causes garbled data on	
	the I2C bus, it can lead to a stuck in the I2C	
	slave device	
	4. Add limitations of Rev. Code E	
	1. Update the <u>Summary of device</u>	
1.4	limitations	
	2. Update the RCU limitation, refer to <u>The</u>	Feb.21 2025
1.4	LXTALSTB bit cannot be cleared by	Feb.212023
	disabling LXTAL when LXTAL stops	
	unexpectedly	



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