

GigaDevice Semiconductor Inc.

GD32A513C-START

Arm[®] Cortex[®]-M33 32-bit MCU

User Guide

Revision 1.1

(Jan 2025)

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1. Summary

GD32A513C-START uses GD32A513CCT3 as the main controller. It uses GD-Link Mini USB interface to supply 5V power. Reset, Key, LED, USART to USB, Arduino are also included. For more details, please refer to GD32A513C-START-V1.0 schematic.

2. Function Pin Assign

Table 2-1. Function pin assignment

Function	Pin	Description
LED	PA1	LED1
	PF5	LED2
	PC0	LED3
	PC1	LED4
RESET		K1-Reset
KEY	PA0	K2-Wakeup
USART	PB15	RS232_TX
	PD8	RS232_RX

3. **Getting started**

The EVAL board uses GD-Link Mini USB connector to get power DC +5V, which is the hardware system normal work voltage. A GD-Link on board is necessary in order to download and debug programs. Select the correct boot mode and then power on, the LEDPWR will turn on, which indicates the power supply is OK.

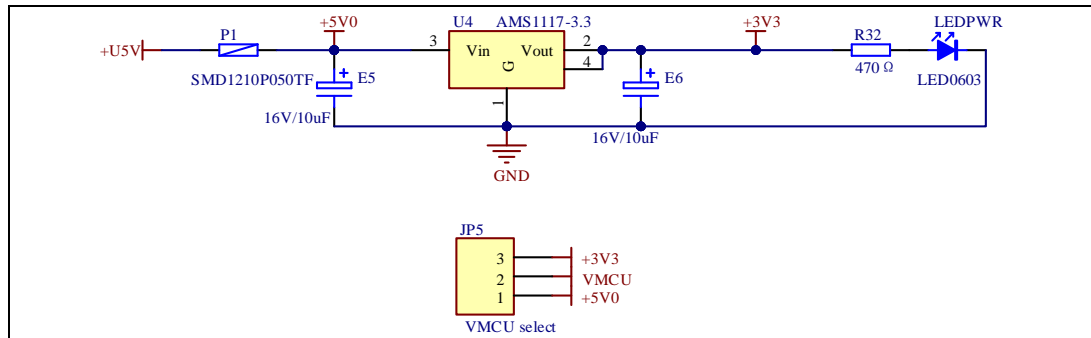
There are Keil version and IAR version of all projects. Keil version of the projects are created based on Keil MDK-ARM 5.35 uVision5. IAR version of the projects are created based on IAR Embedded Workbench for ARM 8.32.1. During use, the following points should be noted:

1. If you use Keil uVision5 to open the project, you need to install the latest version of GigaDevice. GD32A513_DFP to load the related files.
2. If you use IAR to open the project, you need to install the latest version of IAR_GD32A513_ADDON to load the related files.

4. Hardware layout overview

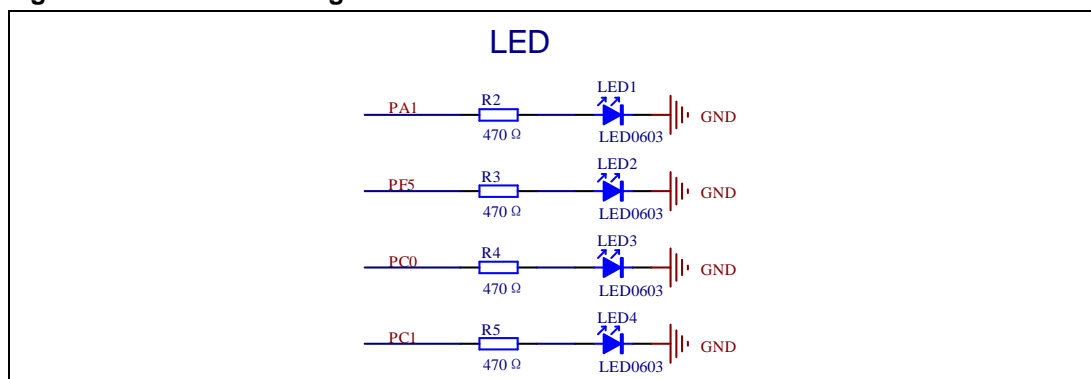
4.1. Power supply

Figure 4-1. Schematic diagram of power supply



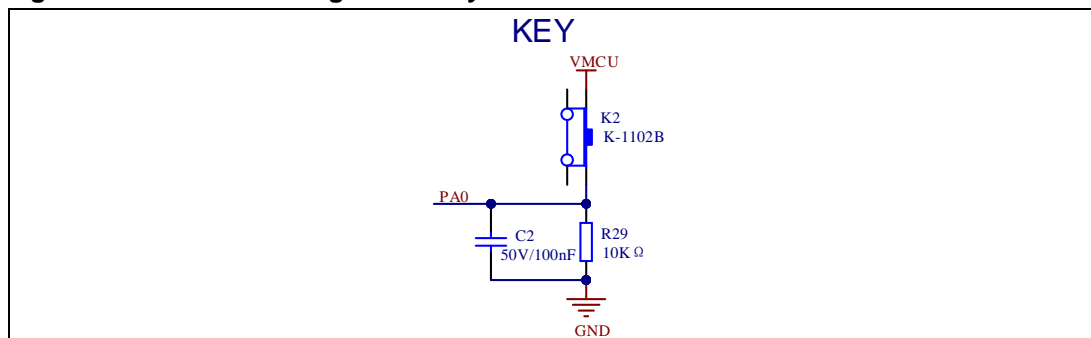
4.2. LED

Figure 4-2. Schematic diagram of LED function



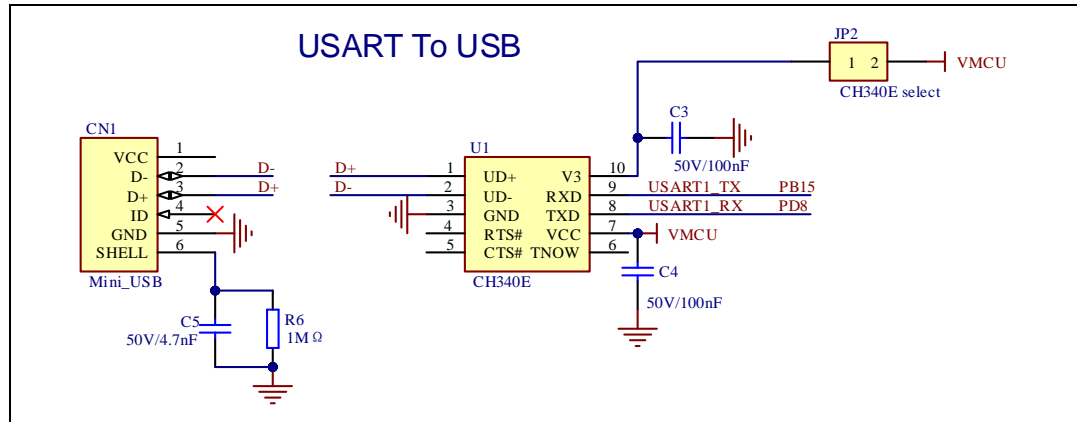
4.3. KEY

Figure 4-3. Schematic diagram of Key function



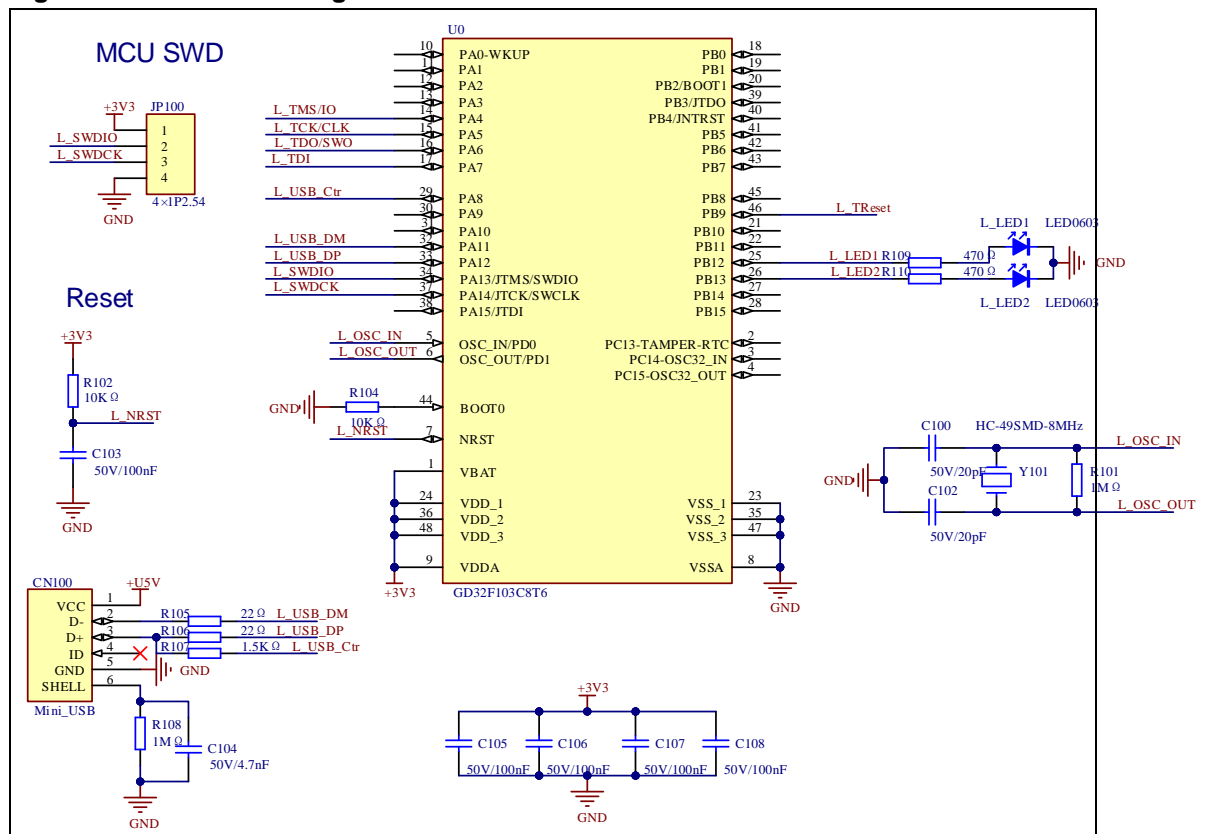
4.4. USART

Figure 4-4. Schematic diagram of USART



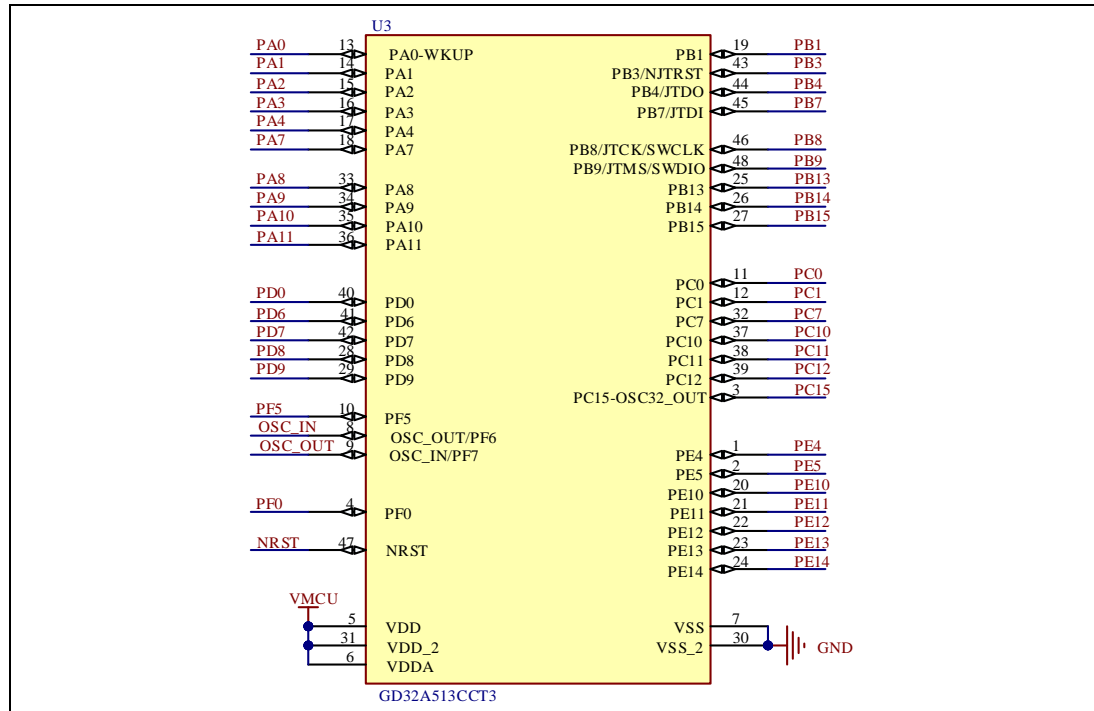
4.5. GD-Link

Figure 4-5. Schematic diagram of GD-Link



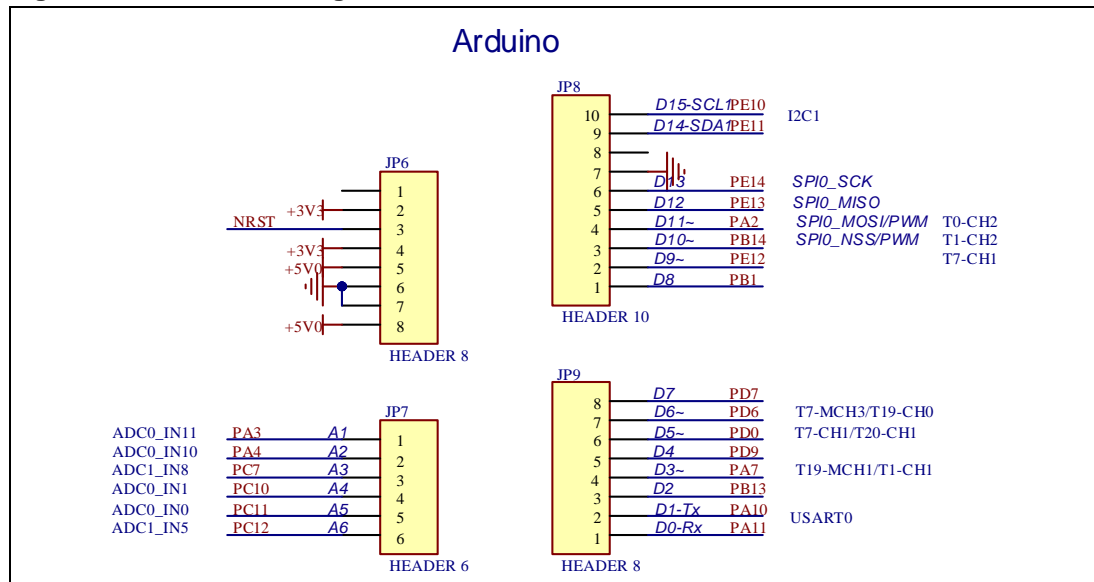
4.6. MCU

Figure 4-6. Schematic diagram of MCU



4.7. Arduino

Figure 4-7. Schematic diagram of Arduino



5. Routine use guide

5.1. GPIO_Running_LED

5.1.1. DEMO purpose

This demo includes the following functions of GD32 MCU:

- Learn to use GPIO control the LED
- Learn to use SysTick to generate 1ms delay

GD32A513C-START board has 2 keys and 4 LEDs. The 2 keys are Reset key and Wakeup key. The LEDs are controlled by GPIO.

This demo will show how to light the LEDs.

5.1.2. DEMO running result

Download the program < 01_GPIO_Running_LED > to the EVAL board, The LEDs can light cycles.

5.2. GPIO_Key_Polling_mode

5.2.1. DEMO purpose

This demo includes the following functions of GD32 MCU:

- Learn to use GPIO control the LED and the KEY
- Learn to use SysTick to generate 1ms delay

GD32A513C-START board has 2 keys and 4 LEDs. The 2 keys are Reset key and Wakeup key. The LEDs are controlled by GPIO.

This demo will show how to use the Wakeup key to control the LED2. When press down the Wakeup key, it will check the input value of the IO port. If the value is 1 and will wait for 100ms. Check the input value of the IO port again. If the value still is 1, it indicates that the button is pressed successfully and toggle LED2.

5.2.2. DEMO running result

Download the program < 02_GPIO_Key_Polling_mode > to the EVAL board, press down the Wakeup key, LED2 will be turned on. Press down the Wakeup key again, LED2 will be turned off.

5.3. EXTI_Key_Interrupt_mode

5.3.1. DEMO purpose

This demo includes the following functions of GD32 MCU:

- Learn to use GPIO control the LED and the KEY.
- Learn to use EXTI to generate external interrupt.

GD32A513C-START board has 2 keys and 4 LEDs. The 2 keys are Reset key and Wakeup key. The LEDs are controlled by GPIO.

This demo will show how to use the EXTI interrupt line to control the LED1. When press down the Wakeup key, it will produce an interrupt. In the interrupt service function, the demo will toggle LED1.

5.3.2. DEMO running result

Download the program < 03_EXTI_Key_Interrupt_mode > to the EVAL board, LED1 is turned on and off for test. When press down the Wakeup key, LED1 will be turned on. Press down the Wakeup key again, LED1 will be turned off.

5.4. USART_HyperTerminal_Interrupt

5.4.1. DEMO purpose

This demo includes the following functions of GD32 MCU:

- Learn to use the USART transmit and receive interrupts to communicate with the serial terminal tool.

5.4.2. DEMO running result

Download the program < 04_USART_HyperTerminal_Interrupt > to the board, connect serial cable to USART. Firstly, all the LEDs are turned on and off for test. Then, the USART sends the tx_buffer array (from 0x00 to 0xFF) to the serial terminal tool supporting hex format communication and waits for receiving data of BUFFER_SIZE bytes from the serial terminal. The data MCU has received is stored in the rx_buffer array. After that, compare tx_buffer with rx_buffer. If tx_buffer is same with rx_buffer, LED1, LED2, LED3 and LED4 flash by turns. Otherwise, LED1, LED2, LED3 and LED4 toggle together.

The output information via the serial port is as following:

```

00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 0A 0B 0C 0D 0E 0F 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17
18 19 1A 1B 1C 1D 1E 1F 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 2A 2B 2C 2D 2E 2F
30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 3A 3B 3C 3D 3E 3F 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47
48 49 4A 4B 4C 4D 4E 4F 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 5A 5B 5C 5D 5E 5F
60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 6A 6B 6C 6D 6E 6F 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77
78 79 7A 7B 7C 7D 7E 7F 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 8A 8B 8C 8D 8E 8F
90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99 9A 9B 9C 9D 9E 9F A0 A1 A2 A3 A4 A5 A6 A7
A8 A9 AA AB AC AD AE AF B0 B1 B2 B3 B4 B5 B6 B7 B8 B9 BA BB BC BD BE BF
C0 C1 C2 C3 C4 C5 C6 C7 C8 C9 CA CB CC CD CE CF D0 D1 D2 D3 D4 D5 D6 D7
D8 D9 DA DB DC DD DE DF E0 E1 E2 E3 E4 E5 E6 E7 E8 E9 EA EB EC ED EE EF
F0 F1 F2 F3 F4 F5 F6 F7 F8 F9 FA FB FC FD FE FF

```

5.5. TIMER_Key_EXTI

5.5.1. DEMO purpose

This demo includes the following functions of GD32 MCU:

- Learn to use GPIO control the LED and the KEY
- Learn to use EXTI to generate external interrupt
- Learn to use TIMER to generate PWM

GD32A513C-START board has 2 keys and 4 LEDs. The 2 keys are Reset key and Wakeup key. The LEDs are controlled by GPIO.

This demo will show how to use the TIMER PWM to trigger EXTI interrupt to toggle the state of LED1 and EXTI interrupt line to control the LED1. When press down the Wakeup Key, it will produce an interrupt. In the interrupt service function, the demo will toggle LED1.

5.5.2. DEMO running result

Download the program <05_TIMER_Key_EXTI> to the START board, the LED1 is flashed once for test, press down the Wakeup Key, LED1 will be turned on. Press down the Wakeup Key again, LED1 will be turned off. Connect PA7 (TIMER1_CH1) and PA4 (JP7) with DuPont line. The LED1 will be toggled every 500ms.

5.6. TRIGSEL_TIMER_Trigger_EXTI

5.6.1. DEMO purpose

This demo includes the following functions of GD32 MCU:

- Learn to use TIMER output PWM wave.
- Learn to use EXTI generate interrupt.
- Learn to use TRIGSEL select trigger source and trigger peripheral.

5.6.2. DEMO running result

Download the program < 06_TRIGSEL_TIMER_Trigger_EXTI > to the EVAL board, LED1 is turned on and off for test.

When the program is running, the EXTI10 interrupt is triggered by TRIGSEL output every 200ms, and LED1 state is toggled by the interrupt.

6. Revision history

Table 6-1. Revision history

Revision No.	Description	Date
1.0	Initial Release	Nov.17, 2023
1.1	Update chapter 3	Jan.25, 2025

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